GBGS Scheme

	 	 	,	 				~ (N)	· _	
USN) K.,	(E)	<i>,</i> ;	15AE43
							1 10 1	>		

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 Aircraft Propulsion

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Briefly explain the principles of aircraft propulsion. Name different types of aircraft power plants.

 (06 Marks)
 - b. With the heip of a neat schematic and P-V and T-S diagram, explain the working principle of a four stroke diesel engine.

 (10 Marks)

OR

- a Derive an expression for specific work output and thermal efficiency in terms of pressure ratio and temperature ratio for a simple gas turbine cycle with the help of a schematic diagram, P-V and T-S diagrams.

 (68 Marks)
 - b. What are the advantages of gas turbine engines over reciprocating engines?

c. Define the following:

- i) Stagnation velocity of sound
- ii) Stagnation pressure.

(04 Marks)

(04 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Define a propeller and explain the different types of propellers (06 Marks)
 - b. List the three theories used in the design of propellers. Explain blade element theory in brief.

 (06 Marks)
 - c. The effective jet exit velocity from a jet engine is 2700 m/s. The forward flight velocity is 1350 m/s and the air flow rate is 78.6 kg/s. Calculate:
 - i) thrust ii) thrust power and iii) propulsive efficiency.

(04 Marks)

OR

- a. With the help of a neat sketch explain the working principle of an after burner. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the working principle of a TURBOJET' engine with the help of a neat schematic, P-V and T-S diagram. What are its advantages and disadvantages? (10 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Explain the function and operation of a diffuser with relevant sketches.

 With the halp second sketch combined to the second sketches. (06 Marks)
 - b. With the help of a neat sketch explain the method of shock swallowing using variable area inlet.

 (05 Marks)
 - c. Air (γ = 1.4 R = 287.43 J/kg°k) enters a straight axisymmetric duct at 300K, 3.45 bar, and 150 m/s and leaves it at 277K, 2.058 bar and 260m/s. The area of cross section at entry is 500 cm². Assuming adiabatic flow, determine: i)Stagnation temperature ii) maximum velocity iii) mass flow rate iv) area of cross section at exit. (05 Marks)

Fig. 12. The annual of incentification, appeal to evaluator and for equations written eg. 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Jakand Cross inter in the temporary brane Important Note : 1. On completing your approve (2019) gight

Write short notes on:

i) Thrust reversing and thrust vectoring

(08 Marks)

ii) Engine back pressure control.

With the help of a neat sketch explain over - expanded and under-expanded nozzles. (08 Marks)

Describe the essential parts of a centrifuged compress, with the help of a neat 7 (08 Marks) sketch. Explain the principle of operation.

A centrifuged compressor under test gave the following data: Speed = 11500 rev/min, Inlet total head temperature = 21°C, outlet and inlet total head pressure that, and 1 bar, impeller dia = 75cm. If the slip factor is 0.92, what is the (08 Marks) compressor efficiency?

OR

Explain the process of surging and stalling in an axial flow compressor.

Define and derive an expression for degree of reaction of an axial flow compressor.

(06 Marks)

Determine the stage efficiency η_S and work done factor Ω of an axial flow compressor, if the actual pressure retro developed is 1.35 and actual temperature rise is 30K. The blade inlet and outlet angles are 47° and 15° respectively. The peripheral and axial velocities are (04 Marks) 225 m/s and 180 m/s respectively.

Module-5

Explain different types of combustion chambers used in gas turbine engines. Briefly discuss 9 (08 Marks) their advantages and disadvantages.

Write short notes on: b.

i) Flame tube cooling

ii) Combustion chamber geometry.

(08 Marks)

With the help of a neat sketch, explain the working of a single stage reaction turbine. 10

(05 Marks)

Explain the different methods of cooling turbine blades with relevant sketch. (05 Marks)

A multistage gas turbine is to be designed with impulse stages and is to operate with an inlet pressure and temperature of 6 bar and 900K and an outlet pressure bar of 1 bar. The isentropic efficiency of the turbine is 85%. All the stages are to have a nozzle outlet angle of 75° and equal outer and inlet blade angles. Mean baled speed of 250 m/s and equal inlet and outlet gas velocities. Estimate the maximum number of stages. Take $\gamma = 1.33$. $C_p = 1.15$ kJ/kgK and optimum blade speed ratio. (06 Marks)